## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A method for heat treating a plurality of metallic microelectronic conductive interconnect structures attached to a non-metallic substrate, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a contactor comprising a substrate and a plurality of conductive, interconnect structures, each of the interconnect structures is attached to a terminal on the substrate and comprises a contact tip disposed away from the substrate;

placing the non-metallic substrate and the plurality of microelectronic structures

contactor in an oscillating electromagnetic field, the oscillating electromagnetic field heating the
interconnect structures without substantially heating the contactor whereby the plurality of
microelectronic structures are heated by the oscillating electromagnetic field and the nonmetallic substrate is essentially not heated by the oscillating electromagnetic field;

maintaining the non-metallic substrate and the plurality of microelectronic structures contactor in the oscillating electromagnetic field until each of the plurality of microelectronic structures interconnect structures obtains a defined heat-treatment temperature substantially greater than an ambient temperature and thereby improves a mechanical operating property of the plurality of microelectronic structures interconnect structure;

removing the non-metallic substrate and the plurality of microelectronic structures contactor from the oscillating electromagnetic field; and

cooling the <del>plurality of microelectronic</del> interconnect structures to the ambient temperature.

Claim 2 (Currently amended): The method according to Claim 1, wherein the placing step further comprises placing the plurality of microelectronic structures in the oscillating electromagnetic field, wherein the plurality of microelectronic interconnect structures are comprised of a ferromagnetic material.

Claim 3 (Currently amended): The method according to Claim 2, wherein the placing step further comprises placing the plurality of microelectronic structures in the oscillating electromagnetic field, wherein ferromagnetic material is a nickel-cobalt alloy.

Claim 4 (Original): The method according to Claim 2, further comprising tuning the oscillating electromagnetic field to selectively heat the ferromagnetic material.

Claim 5 (Original): The method according to Claim 1, wherein the maintaining step further comprises obtaining the heat-treatment temperature greater than 800°C.

Claim 6 (Original): The method according to Claim 1, wherein the maintaining step further comprises obtaining the heat-treatment temperature greater than 1300°C.

Claim 7 (Original): The method according to Claim 1, further comprising generating the oscillating electromagnetic field between a pair of parallel plates.

Claim 8 (Original): The method according to Claim 1, further comprising generating the oscillating electromagnetic field between arms of a hairpin coil.

Claim 9 (Original): The method according to Claim 1, further comprising generating the oscillating electromagnetic field using a coil comprised of a copper tube formed into a coil shape.

Claim 10 (Previously presented): The method according to Claim 1, further comprising tuning a frequency of the oscillating electromagnetic field to a resonant frequency of a field generator circuit.

Claim 11 (Previously presented): The method according to Claim 1, further comprising tuning a frequency of the oscillating electromagnetic field to between about 10 MHz-15 MHz.

Claim 12 (Currently amended): The method according to Claim 1, further comprising measuring a temperature of the plurality of microelectronic interconnect structures by applying a heat-indicating paint to the plurality of microelectronic interconnect structures prior to the maintaining step.

Claims 13-15 (Canceled)

Claim 16 (Currently amended): The method according to Claim 1 wherein the mechanical operating property of the <del>plurality of microelectronic</del> interconnect structures improved is at least one of improved yield strength, improved resiliency to fatigue, decreased brittleness, or improved hardness.

Claim 17 (New): The method according to Claim 1, wherein the contactor comprises an interposer and the plurality of conductive interconnect structures are disposed on opposing sides of the substrate.

Claim 18 (New): The method according to Claim 1, wherein the contactor is for contacting a semiconductor wafer.

Claim 19 (New): The method according to Claim 1, wherein the interconnect structures are springs.

Claim 20 (New): The method according to claim 19, wherein the mechanical operating property of the interconnect structures improved is a spring characteristic of the interconnect substrates.